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Trenton

COMMITMENTS TO STATE INSTITUTIONS FOR ADULT OFFENDERS 1930

A Statistical Summary for the Fiscal Year 1929-1930

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FOREWORD

The major policies underlying the operation of the New Jersey Penal and Correctional Institutions system are: (a) the protection of society, and (b) the rehabilitation of the offender. The State has provided five institutions for adult male offenders and one for adult female offenders. These institutions provide the several types of custody and training suited for the persons under their care. These persons are classified and sent to institutions on the basis of the degree of supervision and security which they require. Provision is also made for the transfer of any offenders to the State mental hospitals and institutions for the mentally defective or epileptic, when the need for such treatment is indicated.

The following study concerns the adult offenders who entered the State institutions during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1930. It shows the types of adult offenders the State is supervising, the counties from which they came, the crimes for which they are committed, the length of sentence given them, and the length of time served by persons who were discharged during the year. It may therefore be used as a basis for further administrative planning in the fields of custody, treatment and training.

William J. Ellis, Commissioner
Department Institutions and Agencies.

COMMITMENTS TO THE STATE INSTITUTIONS FOR ADULT OFFENDERS 1930

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COMMITMENTS TO STATE INSTITUTIONS FOR ADULT OFFENDERS

A Statistical Study for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1930

Number of State Prisoners Increases

During 1930, the steady increase in the population of the state's penal and correctional institutions for adult offenders has continued. The State Prison at Trenton has had more offenders incarcerated than at any time in its history. The total population of the reformatories for males is much higher than in previous years and the adult female offenders have likewise increased considerably in number.

During the ten year period 1920 to 1930, the population of the institution for male offenders has increased 96 per cent (from 1501 in 1920 to 2945 in 1930) and that of the female offenders from 111 in 1920 to 228 in 1930, 104 per cent. The State Prison's male population shows an increase of 98 per cent from 997 in 1920 to 1974 in 1930, and the male Reformatory population an increase of 93 per cent, from 504 in 1920 to 971 in 1930.

Table I Resident Population of State Penal and Correctional Institutions 1920 to 1930

June 30 of Year	Resident Population						
	Male Offenders				Female Offenders		
	Total	State Prison	Rahway Reformatory	Annandale Reformatory	Total	State Prison	Clinton Reformatory
1930	2945	1974	653	318	228	1	227
1929	2586	1764	619	203	181	32	149
1928	2485	1741	744	--	184	28	156
1927	2399	1694	705	--	196	25	171
1926	2165	1575	590	--	192	28	164
1925	2010	1449	561	--	188	29	159
1924	1730	1237	493	--	154	23	131
1923	1662	1257	405	--	148	20	128
1922	1862	1316	546	--	161	14	147
1921	1674	1133	541	--	123	17	106
1920	1501	997	504	--	111	10	101

The State Plan for Penal Institutions

New Jersey aims to classify the commitments to the state penal and correctional institutions in such a way that each offender may have the treatment best suited to his needs (as determined by physical, mental, and educational examinations and investigations of social and environmental history) in an institution which is especially organized to deal with offenders of a given type.

As the result of careful classification and examination of the persons committed to the State Prison during the year and in the Prison previous to the beginning of the year, it has been possible to break up the population into distinct types and to provide for them on prison farms, in the main Prison, or to transfer them to other institutions.

The law decrees that the State Prison shall receive older men, men of the more hardened type, men who have had several commitments or have committed the most serious crimes. It operates as a receiving and classification station and retains the older, more serious offenders, whose length of sentence, type of crime, recidivism, or dangerous anti-social tendencies require maximum security detention. The population of the Prison proper at Trenton on June 30, 1930 was 1603.*

The Leesburg Prison Farm emphasizes the agricultural colony features. The inmates live in dormitories and work under minimum security supervision. It receives as transfers from the State Prison those inmates whose industrial outlook is toward agriculture or one of the unskilled occupations. It provides work for men of the common labor grade of ability. The population June 30, 1930 was 232.

*Exclusive of 1 woman held on a death sentence.

The Bordentown Prison Farm emphasizes the "opportunity" feature. Inmates live in dormitories under minimum custodial conditions. It is planned to provide trade and industrial opportunities of all levels and to develop all recreational features. Men of the better type "accidental" offenders, and inmates whose institutional records have been good and who are nearing the time of discharge from the Prison will be transferred to Bordentown. The population June 30, 1930 was 139.

Some of the younger men who are sentenced to the State Prison are transferred to the Rahway Reformatory.

Those prisoners who develop a psychosis after admission or are declared insane at the time of admission are sent to the building for the criminal insane at the State Hospital at Trenton which cares for all the criminal insane of the state, irrespective of the institution to which they were originally committed.

The Rahway Reformatory operates as a receiving and classification station, retaining those inmates between the ages of 16 and 30 who are suitable for intensive vocational or industrial training and who require maximum or limited security. Inmates of this type will be transferred to Rahway from the Prison, Annandale and Jamesburg. The Rahway Reformatory emphasizes correlated school and vocational training and is in fact a branch prison for the industrial type of prisoner. The population on June 30, 1930 was 653.

The Reformatory at Annandale operates as a receiving station, retaining those inmates between 16 and 30 who are suitable prospects for intensive training. They receive as transfers, inmates of this type from the State Home for Boys and Rahway. Men who have a good record at Rahway may be transferred to Annandale when they are nearing the time for parole consideration.

The Reformatory at Annandale emphasizes the opportunity features for younger men, combining the advantages of an agricultural colony with facilities for special vocational and scholastic training under minimum custodial conditions. The population June 30, 1930 was 318.

In accordance with the best methods of penology, women are no longer retained in the State Prison. Those formerly in the Prison were transferred in December 1929 to the State Reformatory at Clinton which is now for all women state offenders seventeen years of age and over. Women who are still sentenced to the State Prison are sent to the State Clearing House at Trenton from which after complete physical, mental and social examinations, they are sent to the Clinton Reformatory if mental disease or defects are not found which need correction in a specialized institution. The population of the Clinton Reformatory was 227 women and 36 babies on June 30, 1930. (For the statistical study of the women prisoners, see pages 24 to 30).

PART I - ADULT MALE OFFENDERS

Number of Adult Male Offenders

1525 male offenders were committed by the courts to the state penal and correctional institutions for male adults during the year ending June 30, 1930; 839 of these went to the State Prison at Trenton, 465 to the New Jersey Reformatory at Rahway, and 221 to the New Jersey Reformatory at Annandale. The commitments show an increase of 264 or 20.9 per cent over 1929.

2275 prisoners were under the custody of the State Prison on June 30, 1930. 1604 of these were in the main prison at Trenton, 232 at the prison farm at Leesburg, 139 at the prison farm at Bordentown, and 300 were

on parole from the institutions.* In the discussions that follow in this study, the term "State Prison" includes the main Prison and the farms.

653 boys were resident at the Rahway Reformatory, 1332 were on parole after having earned the right to parole by their conduct and training during institutionalization. 318 boys were at the Annandale Reformatory and 226 on parole from there.

Persons returned to the institutions for violation of parole (unless recommitted by the court), persons transferred from other penal and correctional institutions and from institutions for the physically and mentally diseased have been excluded from this study since they do not throw any light upon the incidence of crime, the characteristics of the offenders or the treatment of the offenders in the institutions.

Counties from Which Committed

Great variation is found in the rates of commitment for the several counties due to the facilities for penal care within some counties, the attitude of some judges in preferring to send certain offenders to state rather than to county institutions, the extent of the use of probation in the counties, and the like. Essex and Hudson for instance have large county penitentiaries which receive offenders with terms up to 18 months who might otherwise be sentenced to the State Prison. Workhouses or penitentiaries, as distinct from county jails, are also maintained by Camden, Middlesex, and Mercer counties.

The increase of 264 in the commitments over 1929 is distributed as follows: Camden, from 52 to 110, more than 100 per cent; Passaic, from 117 to 171, 46 per cent; Middlesex, from 47 to 70, 49 per cent; Cumberland from 19 to 44; Atlantic from 74 to 96. Essex had 31 more commitments a

*These figures include 1 woman in the prison held on a death sentence and 8 on parole.

and Hudson 22. The small counties Hunterdon, Ocean, Sussex, and Warren respectively doubled or more than doubled their commitments increasing as a group from 37 in 1929 to 90 in 1930.

Mercer and Morris counties showed the largest decreases, the former a decrease of 22 and the latter of 19. Burlington, Gloucester, and Union showed small decreases and the remaining counties, small increases.

The increase in the commitments to the Prison amounted to 15 per cent (from 729 to 839) and in the Reformatories to 28 per cent (from 532 to 686).

Tables A, B, and C in Part III show the commitments from each county to each institution by offense.

Table 2. Commitments to State Institutions for Male Offenders by County - 1930 and 1929

County from Which Committed	Number Committed 1930 to				Total Commitments 1929	Population of County 1930
	All Insts.	State Prison	Rahway	Annandale		
All counties	1525	839	465	221	1261	4,041,334
Atlantic	96	72	17	7	74	124,823
Bergen	66	35	31	-	61	364,977
Burlington	27	14	13	-	30	93,541
Camden	110	84	26	-	52	252,312
Cape May	19	13	2	4	12	29,486
Cumberland	44	30	3	11	19	69,895
Essex	411	188	76	147	380	833,513
Gloucester	14	10	4	-	19	70,802
Hudson	139	75	59	5	117	690,730
Hunterdon	13	9	3	1	7	34,728
Mercer	42	19	13	10	64	187,143
Middlesex	70	35	35	-	47	212,208
Monmouth	56	28	24	4	53	147,209
Morris	29	17	12	-	48	110,445
Ocean	30	24	6	-	15	33,069
Passaic	171	70	80	21	117	302,129
Salem	23	22	1	-	14	36,834
Somerset	32	20	5	7	23	65,132
Sussex	27	19	8	-	8	27,830
Union	86	45	41	-	94	305,209
Warren	20	10	6	4	7	49,319

Offenses* for Which Committed

Burglary which includes breaking, entering and burglary of all degrees and without regard to time of day or night or nature of the structure entered was the offense for which the largest number, 22.8 per cent, were committed. It is followed closely with larceny including such related offenses as embezzlement, fraud and having stolen property which was responsible for 21.6 per cent of the total commitments. In the Annandale Reformatory, the larceny commitments exceed the burglary commitments. The percentage committed for these two charges is slightly lower than in 1929.

The largest increases of 1930 over 1929 are in the homicide and manslaughter charges and the robbery charges. In 1930, 93 were committed for homicide (6 per cent) as against 57 in 1929 (4.5 per cent); in 1930, 223 were committed for robbery (14.6 per cent) as against 135 or 10.7 per cent in 1929.

Table 3. Commitments to State Institutions for Male Offenders by Offense - 1930

Offense	Number				Per Cent			
	Total	Prison	Rahway	Annandale	Total	Prison	Rahway	Annandale
All Offenses	1525	839	465	221	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Homicide	93	91	2	-	6.0	10.8	0.4	-
Rape	83	49	26	8	5.5	5.8	5.6	3.6
Robbery	223	121	82	20	14.6	14.5	17.6	9.0
Assault	147	103	38	6	9.7	12.2	8.2	2.7
Burglary	349	149	137	63	22.8	17.8	29.4	28.5
Forgery	40	21	13	6	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.8
Larceny	330	126	115	89	21.6	15.0	24.8	40.2
Sex, except rape	84	57	20	7	5.5	6.8	4.3	3.2
Dangerous weapons	50	32	14	4	3.3	3.8	3.0	1.8
Violation of drug laws	30	28	1	1	2.0	3.4	0.2	0.5
Non-support and neglect	25	21	3	1	1.6	2.5	0.6	0.4
Kidnapping	4	4	-	-	0.3	0.4	-	-
Driving auto without owner's consent	20	3	8	9	1.3	0.4	1.8	4.1
Other **	47	34	6	7	3.1	4.1	1.3	3.2

* The classification used is taken from "Instructions for Compiling Criminal Statistics, a Manual for the Use of Penal Institutions, Police Departments, Courts, Prosecutors, Parole and Probation Officers" published by the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of Commerce.

**Including conspiracy, malicious mischief, arson, violation of liquor laws, misdemeanor, etc.

Age of Commitments

Thirty per cent of the commitments to the state institutions for adult male offenders were under 20 years of age; 27 per cent were between 20 and 24 years old; 27 per cent between 25 and 34; and the remainder 35 and over. There was a larger percentage under 20 in 1930 than in 1929 and a smaller percentage 35 and over. The 20 to 34 year groups were practically the same.

Table 4. Ages of Commitments to State Institutions for Male Offenders

Age Groups	Commitments							
	Number				Per Cent			
	Total	State Prison	Rahway	Annandale	Total	State Prison	Rahway	Annandale
All ages	1525	839	465	221	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
15 years	10	3	6	1	0.6	0.3	1.2	0.4
16 "	80	3	34	43	5.3	0.4	7.4	19.5
17 "	115	3	55	57	7.5	0.3	11.8	25.8
18 "	120	11	69	40	7.9	1.3	14.9	18.1
19 "	128	28	67	33	8.4	3.4	14.4	14.9
20 "	99	34	48	17	6.5	4.0	10.4	7.7
21-24 "	315	160	131	24	20.6	19.1	28.1	10.9
25-34 "	410	349	55	6	26.9	41.6	11.8	2.7
35-44 "	168	168	-	-	11.0	20.0	-	-
45 & over	80	80	-	-	5.3	9.6	-	-

Offenses by Age on Admission

Quite a decided difference is apparent between the offenses of those under 21 and those over 21. The younger group has a much higher percentage committed for offenses against property, and the older group far out numbers the younger group in offenses against persons. 60.3 per cent of those under 21 were committed for burglary and larceny as against 35.6 per cent of those over 21. 34.5 per cent of the older group were committed for homicide, rape and other sex offenses, assault and kidnapping, in contrast to the 13.5

per cent of the younger men incarcerated for the same offenses. Robbery which involves both person and property is responsible for 15.2 per cent in the younger and 14.3 per cent of the older group.

Table 5. Number and Percentage Distribution of Male Commitments by Offense and Large Age Group

Offense	Commitments					
	Number			Per Cent		
	Total	Under 21 Yrs. old	21 and over	Total	Under 21 Yrs. old	21 and over
All offenses	1525	552	973	100.0	100.0	100.0
Homicide	93	13	80	6.0	2.3	8.2
Rape	83	22	61	5.5	4.0	6.2
Robbery	223	84	139	14.6	15.2	14.3
Assault	147	25	122	9.7	4.5	12.6
Burglary	349	171	178	22.8	31.0	18.3
Forgery	40	14	26	2.7	2.6	2.6
Larceny	330	162	168	21.6	29.3	17.3
Sex, except rape	84	15	69	5.5	2.7	7.1
Dangerous weapons	50	18	32	3.3	3.3	3.3
Driving auto without owner's consent	20	15	5	1.3	2.7	0.6
Violation of drug laws	30	-	30	2.0	-	3.1
Non-support	25	1	24	1.6	0.2	2.4
Kidnapping	4	-	4	0.3	-	0.4
Other	47	12	35	3.1	2.2	3.6

A more detailed picture of the relation of age to type of offense will be found in table 6.

Table 6. Offense of Male Commitments by Ages Groups

Offense	Ages of Male Commitments										
	All Ages	15 Yrs.	16 Yrs.	17 Yrs.	18 Yrs.	19 Yrs.	20 Yrs.	21-24 Years	25-34 Years	35-44 Years	45 & Over
All offenses	1525	10	80	115	120	128	99	315	410	168	80
Homicide	93	2	1	-	1	5	4	20	35	14	11
Rape	83	2	1	5	4	6	4	22	18	15	6
Robbery	223	-	5	9	22	18	30	71	59	8	1
Assault	147	-	6	1	3	7	8	26	52	33	11
Burglary	349	2	31	46	41	32	19	58	84	26	10
Forgery	40	-	3	3	3	5	-	3	10	10	3
Larceny	330	2	27	37	38	37	21	73	65	20	10
Sex, except rape	84	-	2	4	2	3	4	12	29	14	14
Dangerous weapons	50	1	-	3	4	7	3	11	13	7	1
Driving auto without owner's consent	20	-	2	4	1	5	3	2	3	-	-
Non-support & neglect	25	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	7	8	4
Viol. of proh. act	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
Viol. of drug act	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	14	9	4
Kidnapping	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
Other	43	1	2	3	1	3	2	7	19	3	2

Tables D, E, and F in Part III show the ages of persons committed to each institution by offense.

Race or Nativity

Sixty-three per cent of the commitments were native born whites, 11 per cent were foreign born whites, 26 per cent were Negroes and the remaining 3 commitments were of other races. This is an increase of 5 per cent over 1929 in the number of native born whites and a decrease of 2 per cent each in the number of foreign born whites and Negroes committed. The percentage of Negroes is far larger than the state's general population which is only 5 per cent Negro.

There is a slight increase also in the native white of native parentage. 25 per cent of the 1930 commitments belong in this class as against 22 per cent in 1929.

Although only 11 per cent were foreign born whites, 35.7 per cent additional were of foreign parentage. Some of the contributing causes of their delinquency may be traced to difficulties adjusting foreign ideas to those of this country and in finding economic and social status somewhat restricted by their backgrounds. In the State Prison, half the native whites are of foreign parentage; in Rahway, two-thirds are of foreign parentage and in Annandale, three-fifths are of foreign parentage.

As might be expected, of the total foreign born whites (167), 128 or 76.6 per cent went to the State Prison, 30 or 18.0 per cent to Rahway, and 9 or 5.4 per cent to Annandale.

Table 7. Race or Nativity of Commitments by Institutions*

Institutions	Total Commitments	Percentage Distribution in Institutions by Race or Nativity					
		Native White			Foreign White	Negro	Others
		Native Parents	Foreign Parents	Parentage Unknown			
Total	1525	25.1	35.7	1.7	11.0	26.3	0.2
State Prison	839	24.9	25.5	1.0	15.3	32.9	0.4
Rahway	465	24.5	52.2	0.5	6.4	16.4	-
Annandale	221	27.6	39.3	6.8	4.1	22.2	-

*See Table H in Part III for actual figures.

Relation of Age at Commitment to Race or Nativity

The distribution of the commitments within the age groups of the nativities is as follows:

Table 8. Percentage Distribution of Nativities within the Age Groups**

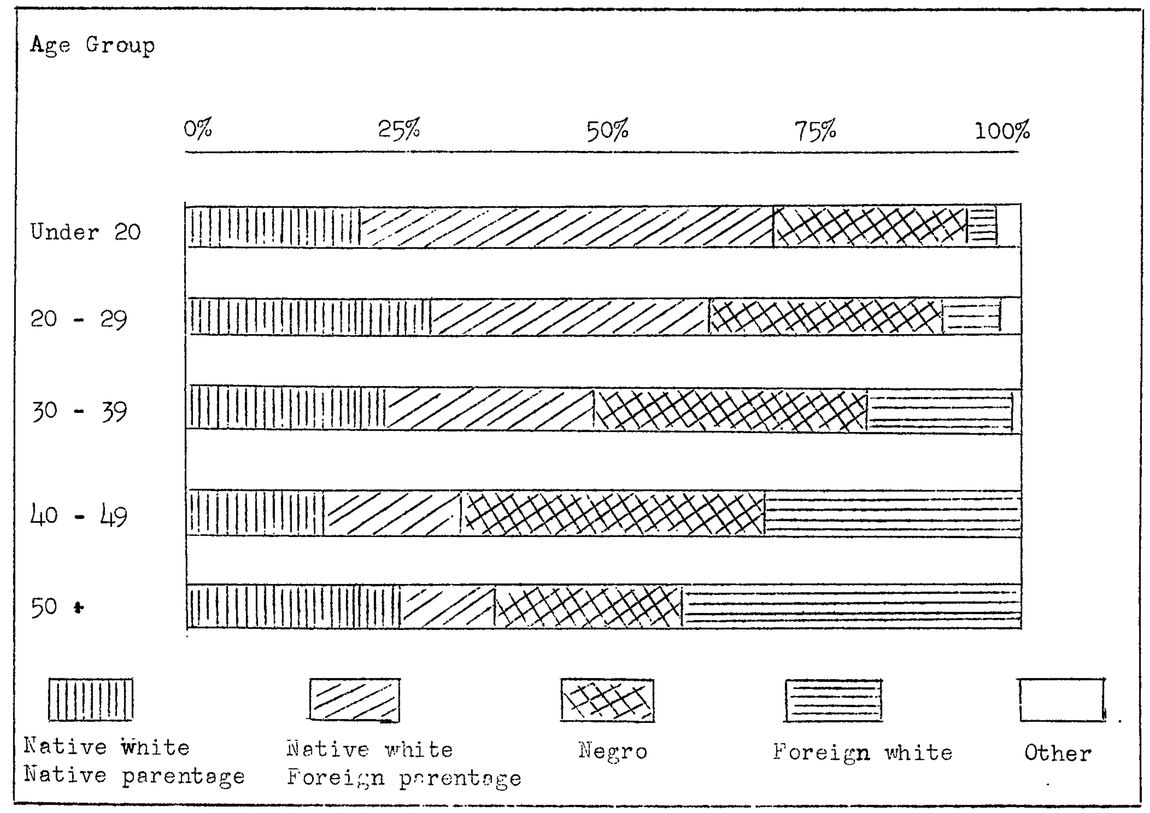
Age Groups	Number	Percentage Distribution by Nativity					
		Native White			Foreign White	Negro	Others
		Native Parents	Foreign Parents	Parentage Unknown			
All Ages	1525	25.1	35.7	1.7	11.0	26.3	0.2
Under 20	453	21.6	50.9	3.1	3.6	20.8	-
20-29	666	28.9	33.7	1.4	8.7	27.0	0.3
30-39	269	24.1	25.3	1.2	18.2	30.9	0.3
40-49	94	17.0	18.1	-	28.7	36.2	-
50 and over	43	25.5	11.7	-	39.5	23.3	-

The native white of native parents average 25 per cent in each of the age groups the lowest percentage 17, being in the 40-49 group and the highest, 28.9, in the 20-29 group. The native white of foreign parentage make up half the group under 20, one-third of the group 20 to 29, and a steadily decreasing percentage of each group until the 11.7 is reached for those 50 and over. This may be due to the stronger conflicts between the new and the old worlds in the younger men still under some home influences or parental background which vanishes as they grow older and become more Americanized. The foreign born white, on the other hand, increased from 3.6 per cent in the under 20 group to 39.5 per cent in the 50 and over group because the majority of the foreign born in this country are over 45.

**See Table G in Part III for actual figures.

The Negroes average higher than the native whites of native parentage, slightly lower under 30 and over 50, but considerably higher between 30 and 50.

Chart 1 - Percentage Race Distribution in Age Groups



Although the 20 to 29 year old men predominate in each racial group, there are variations within the groups as illustrated in Chart 2.

Chart 2 - Percentage Age Distribution in Racial Groups

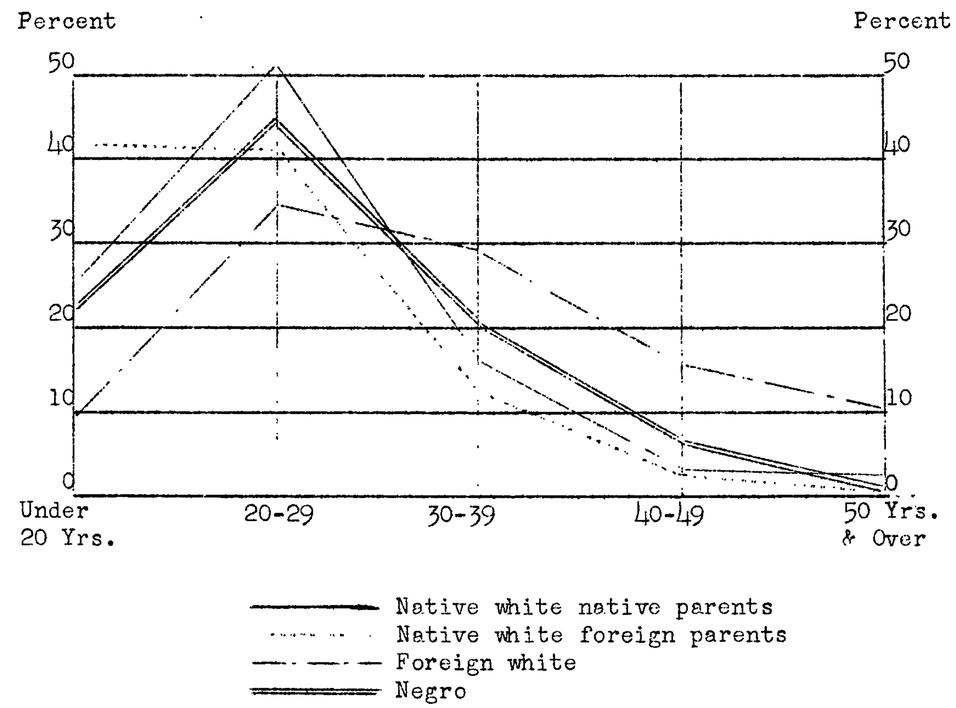


Table 9. Percentage Age Distribution in Racial Group*

Ages	Total	Native White		Foreign White	Negroes	Others#
		Native Parents	Foreign Parents			
Number all Ages	1525	384	544	167	401	29
Percentage						
Under 20	29.7	25.8	42.2	9.5	23.4	-
20 - 29	43.7	50.2	41.2	34.8	44.9	-
30 - 39	17.6	17.0	12.5	29.3	20.7	-
40 - 49	6.2	4.1	3.1	16.2	8.5	-
50 and Over	2.8	2.9	1.0	10.2	2.5	-

Including 26 native white with perentage unknown and three others - figures too small for figuring significant percentages.

*See Table G in Part III for actual figures.

Relation of Offenses to Racial Groups

The racial groups show some decided differences in the types of crime they commit. Among foreign born whites, for instance, are much larger percentages who have committed sex offenses including rape, 21.6 per cent, against 11.7 of the native white of native parentage, 9.6 per cent of the native white of foreign parentage, and 7.5 per cent of the Negroes. The foreign born whites have the highest percentage committed for homicide and a much higher percentage for assault than the other two white groups. On the other hand, the percentage for larceny is less than half that of the other white groups and considerably less than the Negro group. The burglary and robbery percentages are also low.

The Negroes have the highest percentage committed for assault, for carrying dangerous weapons and for violations of the drug act. They rank lower than the native white groups in robbery, burglary, and larceny, and lowest of all groups in rape and other sex offenses.

A comparison of the native whites of native parentage with the native whites of foreign parentage shows those of native parentage higher in homicide, rape and other sex offenses and non-support and neglect, and lower in assault and robbery. They are slightly higher in larceny and slightly lower in burglary than those of foreign parentage.

Table 10. Commitments by Offense and Racial Group

Offense	NUMBER							PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION*				
	Total	Native White		Foreign Born White	Negro	Other	Native White Parents Birth-Place Not Known	Total	Native White		Foreign Born White	Negro
		Native Parents	Foreign or Mixed Parents						Native Parents	Foreign or Mixed Parents		
All Offenses	1525	384	544	167	401	3	26	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Homicide	93	24	24	16	28	-	1	6.0	6.2	4.4	9.5	7.0
Rape	83	22	24	20	14	1	2	5.5	5.7	4.4	12.0	3.5
Robbery	223	61	99	16	46	-	1	14.6	15.9	18.2	9.6	11.5
Assault	147	13	44	23	65	-	2	9.7	3.4	8.1	13.8	16.2
Burglary	349	87	136	33	87	-	6	22.8	22.7	25.0	19.7	21.7
Forgery	40	12	14	6	8	-	-	2.7	3.1	2.5	3.6	2.0
Larceny	330	94	125	19	80	2	10	21.6	24.5	23.0	11.4	20.0
Sex, except rape	84	23	28	16	16	-	1	5.5	6.0	5.2	9.6	4.0
Dangerous Weapons	50	12	14	3	21	-	-	3.3	3.1	2.5	1.8	5.2
Driving auto without owner's consent	20	5	5	1	7	-	2	1.3	1.3	1.0	0.6	1.7
Non-support & Neglect	25	12	3	6	3	-	1	1.6	3.1	0.5	3.6	0.7
Violation of Prohibition Act	4	1	1	2	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.2	1.2	-
Violation of Drug Act	30	1	7	1	21	-	-	2.0	0.2	1.3	0.6	5.2
Kidnapping	4	3	1	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.8	0.2	-	-
Other	43	14	19	5	5	-	-	2.9	3.7	3.5	3.0	1.3

*Omitting the 3 "Other" and the 26 "Native white with birthplace unknown".

Marital Conditions of Commitments

Sixty-four per cent of the commitments were single, twenty-eight per cent were married and the remainder were widowed, separated, or divorced.

Table 11. Marital Condition of Commitments to each Institution

Marital Condition	Commitments to Institutions			
	Total	State Prison	Rahway	Annandale
Total	1525	839	465	221
Single	970	362	395	213
Married	424	348	68	8
Widowed	43	43	-	-
Separated or divorced	87	85	2	-
Not reported	1	1	-	-

Religious Affiliations of Commitments

Catholics and Protestants are about equally divided in the commitments as a whole, with Protestants predominating in the State Prison by a considerable margin and Catholics stronger in both reformatories by a comparable margin.

Table 12. Religious Affiliations of Commitments by Institution

Religious Affiliations	Commitments to Institutions			
	Total	State Prison	Rahway	Annandale
Total	1525	839	465	221
Protestant	747	476	172	99
Catholic	728	334	278	116
Hebrew	37	20	12	5
Other	3	3	-	-
Not reported	10	6	3	1

Sentences by Offense

Nearly two-thirds of those sentenced to the State Prison had definite terms of less than four years. One-fourth had sentences under two years; 572 or 68.2 per cent had sentences of under five years; 144 or 17.1 per cent, sentences of five up to ten; 67 or 8 per cent, sentences of ten and under twenty; 29 had sentences of twenty years and over; 13 had life imprisonment; 12 were sentenced to death. The sentence of one was not reported, and one man had an indeterminate sentence for homicide with a maximum of twenty years or over.

These figures show a smaller percentage committed for the shorter terms than in 1929. Only three were sentenced to death in 1929 as against twelve in 1930. This is due to the increased number of homicides in 1930.

Table I in Part III shows the admissions by sentence and offense.

Rahway and Annandale Reformatories receive prisoners on a maximum indeterminate sentence only. The offender remains in the institution until he has earned the right to parole when he is released to the Central Parole Bureau of the State Department of Institutions and Agencies which supervises him in the community until the completion of his maximum.

104 or 15.2 per cent had maximum terms under four years; 435 or 63.4 per cent had maximums of five years and under 10; 141 or 20.6 per cent, maximums of ten years and under twenty; and 6 of twenty years and over. These figures reverse those of the previous year when 19.7 per cent had maximums under four years; 34.2 per cent, five years and less than ten; 42.6 per cent between ten and twenty years and 3 persons with twenty years and over.

Tables J and K in Part III show the admission by sentence and offense.

Table 13. Commitments to Institutions by Length of Sentence

Length of Sentence	Number of Commitments*		
	With Definite Sentence	With Maximum Sentence	
	State Prison	Rahway	Annandale
Total	838	465	221
Under 2 years	205	3	1
2 to 2.99	159	8	-
3 to 3.99	185	71	21
4 to 4.99	123	-	-
5 to 5.99	84	2	1
6 to 9.99	60	267	165
10 to 10.99	37	2	-
11 to 19.99	30	107	32
20 and over	29	5	1
Life	13	-	-
Death	12	-	-
Not reported	1	-	-

* Exclusive of one man sent to State Prison with an indeterminate sentence of more than 20 years.

Loss of Population During Year

Offenders leave the State Prison by expiration of sentences, by parole by the court of pardons and the board of managers, by pardon, by transfer to other institutions and by death. Offenders leave the reformatories principally by parole, since the inmates are serving indeterminate sentences, by transfer to other institutions, by recall (i.e. by having the sentence annulled by the courts) or death. Those released on expiration of sentence are the men transferred from the State Prison to which they were committed for a definite term. In such cases the entire length of incarceration in both institutions is considered.

In tabulating the parolees from the correctional institutions, only those persons were considered who were on their first parole after admission. This excluded those persons who were returned from parole during the year for minor readjustments and were reparoled and those who were reparoled after a previous violation that necessitated a second period of institutionalization although not a recommitment by the court for another crime.

Total Persons Leaving

The Prison during the year discharged 325 persons at the expiration of sentence, paroled 181, transferred 85 to the Rahway Reformatory, 32 to the Reformatory for Women at Clinton, 9 to Clearing House for classification and transfer to the proper institution, and 14 to the Trenton State Hospital. Nineteen persons were recalled by the courts and their sentences annulled, 13 died, 4 were electrocuted and 18 escaped.

The Reformatory at Rahway during the year paroled 346 boys of whom 282 were paroled for the first time, released 86 from the institution at the expiration of sentence, transferred 173 to other penal and correctional

institutions, transferred 21 to the State Hospital, and 3 to the State Village for Epileptics. Forty-five were recalled by the court and their sentences annulled, 3 pardoned, 4 deported, and several others left for other reasons.

Annandale paroled 212 boys. Twenty-nine were recalled. Seventy-eight were transferred to Rahway and 10 to the State Hospital.

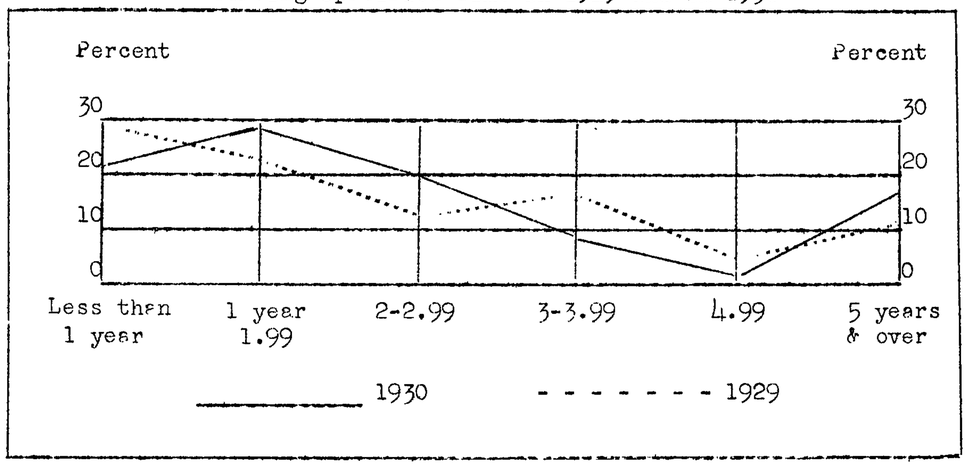
Time Served

506 men were discharged from the Prison during the year of whom 325 or 64.2 per cent were discharged at the expiration of sentence, and 181, or 35.8 per cent, were paroled.

113 or 22.3 per cent of the 506* served less than one year; 146, or 28.9 per cent, served one year and less than two; 102, or 20.1 per cent, served two years or less than three; 48, or 9.5 per cent, served three years and less than four; 14, or 2.8 per cent, served four years and less than five; and 83, or 16.4 per cent, served five years and over. Thirty-seven per cent of those who served terms of five years and over were committed for homicide and 20 per cent for robbery.

*At the State Prison several days a month are taken from the time to be served, for "faithful performance of assigned labor, for continuous orderly deportment and for manifest effort of self improvement and control". Hence, many of those who served less than one year had sentences of one year, those who served between one and two years were sentenced to two years and so forth.

Chart 3 - Percentage Discharged from State Prison After Serving Specified Time in 1929 and in 1930



282 boys were paroled from Rahway and 212 from Annandale and 86 were discharged from Rahway at the expiration of their sentences.

Of the 368 discharged and paroled from Rahway 132 or 35.9 per cent returned to the communities less than a year after their imprisonment began. 191 or 51.9 per cent were in the reformatory one year and less than two, 41 or 11.2 per cent were institutionalized two years and less than three and 4 were retained more than three years. Of the 212 boys paroled from Annandale, 138 or 65.1 per cent had been in the reformatory less than one year; 71 or 33.5 per cent, one year and less than 2; and 3 or 1.4 per cent two years and over.

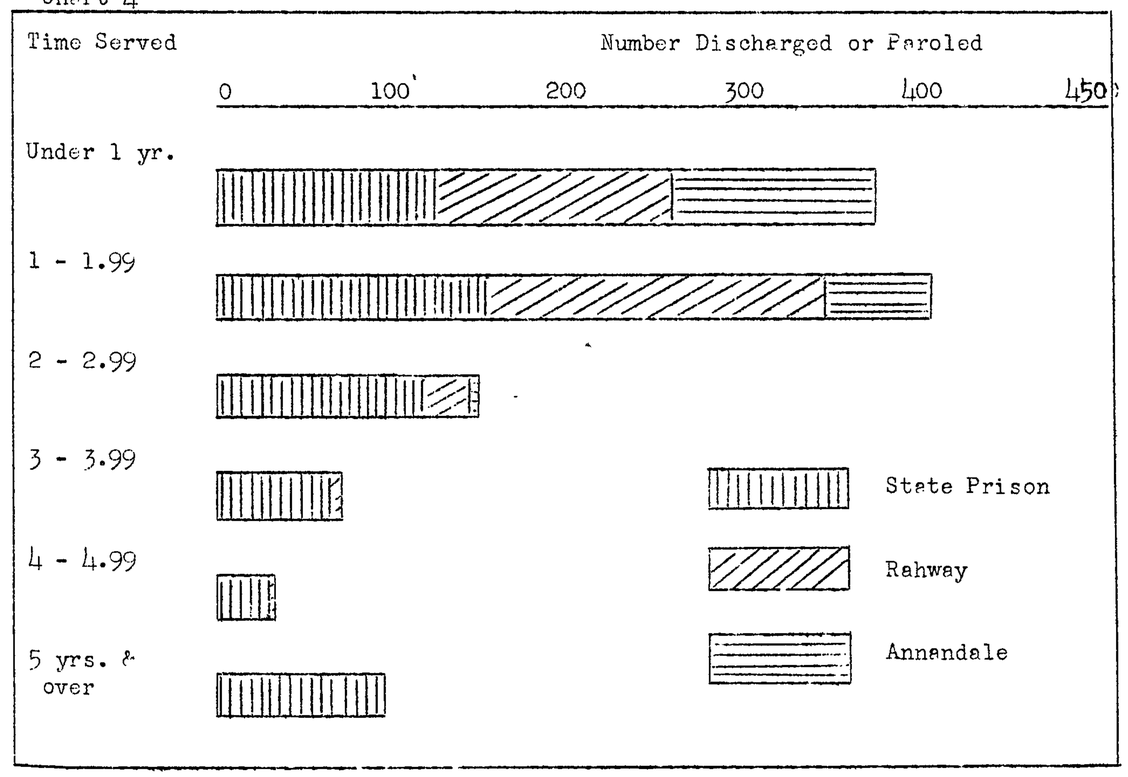
Table 14 shows the length of time served by those discharged or paroled during the year.

Table 14 - Discharges or Paroles from Prison & Reformatories for Males

Time Served	Number				Per Cent			
	Total	Prison	Rahway	Annandale	Total	Prison	Rahway	Annandale
Total	1086	506	368	212	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 1 yr.	383	113	132	138	35.2	22.3	35.9	65.1
1 to 1.99	408	146	191	71	37.6	28.8	51.9	33.5
2 to 2.99	146	102	41	3	13.4	20.2	11.2	1.4
3 to 3.99	51	48	3	-	4.7	9.5	0.8	-
4 to 4.99	15	14	1	-	1.4	2.7	0.2	-
5 yrs.& over	83	83	-	-	7.7	16.5	-	-

Chart 4 illustrates the number of offenders who served the several periods in the institutions.

Chart 4



See tables L, M, and N in Part III for specific data regarding length of time served by offense for both the Prison and reformatories.

Detailed tables showing the relation of sentence to time served for both definite and indeterminate sentences for all the institutions will be found in Part III.

PART II - ADULT FEMALE OFFENDERS

Number of Adult Female Offenders

173 women were committed to the State Reformatory for Women at Clinton during the year ending June 30, 1930, and 17 were committed to the State Prison. Sixteen of these 17 were transferred to the Reformatory at Clinton and the one with a death sentence was the only woman remaining at the State Prison at the end of the year.

227 women were resident at Clinton on June 30, 1930, and 209 were on parole. There were 36 babies in the institution.

Counties From Which Committed

One third or 63 of the total of 190 adult female commitments were from Passaic County and 28.4 per cent or 54 from Essex County. The remaining 73 commitments were divided among 17 other counties as follows: Morris 11; Bergen and Union each 9; Hudson and Atlantic each 7; Camden and Sussex each 5; Salem 4; Burlington, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean and Warren each 2; Cape May and Somerset each 1.

There is evidently no relation between the size of the county and the number of women sentenced to state institutions. Essex, Hudson, Mercer, and Middlesex both provide for men and women in their county penitentiaries.

Offense for Which Committed

Sixty-one per cent or 116 of the commitments of the women were for sex offenses and 13.2 per cent or 25 for neglect of children. The percentages for both crimes are smaller than in the previous year. There were, however, 12 committed for homicide (3 from Camden, 4 from Essex, 2 from Salem, and one each from Hudson, Monmouth and Ocean); 10 fo violation of drug laws (4 from Atlantic and 6 from Passaic); 3 for robbery from Essex County; 4 for assault (2 from Salem and one each from Camden and Essex); one forgerer from Passaic; 13 for larceny; 2 for burglary (Essex and Union); 2 for perjury, and one each for vagrancy and aiding escape.

Table R in Part III gives the offenses more completely by county of commitment.

Ages at Commitment

Young women 20 years of age and under made up 33.2 per cent of the commitments; 18.9 per cent were between 21 and 24; 29.5 per cent between 25 and 34; and 18.4 per cent 35 and over. As compared with the male commitments, there are smaller percentages in the 20 and under and in the 21 to 24 year groups and higher percentages in the two older groups.

Table 15 - Ages of Females Committed

Age Groups	Number of Commitments
All ages	190
16 years	7
17 years	16
18 years	21
19 years	8
20 years	11
21 - 24	36
25 - 34	56
35 - 44	25
45 and over	10

Relation of Age to Offense

The numbers of those committed for any offenses other than sex offenses and neglect of child were too small to show any significant relation between age and offense. Those over 21 years however were committed for all the homicide, all the robberies, all the drug law violations and the single forgery case. The 2 burglaries were committed by those 20 and under. The sex offenses and the neglect of children were distributed from those of 16 to those over 45. A more detailed statement will be found in Table S of Part III.

Race or Nativity and Age

54.2 per cent (103) of the commitments were native born whites; 11.1 per cent (21) foreign born whites, and 34.2 per cent (65) Negroes. The birthplace of one white woman was not ascertained. Of the 103 native born whites, 52 were of native born parents, 43 of foreign born parents and 8 of unknown parentage.

Table 16 - Race or Nativity by Age Groups

Age Groups	Total	Native White			Foreign Born Whites	Negro
		Native Parents	Foreign Parents	Parentage Unknown		
All ages	190*	52	43	8	21	65
Under 20	52	16	18	5	2	11
20 - 29	77*	22	16	2	12	24
30 - 39	44	9	6	1	6	22
40 - 49	13	4	2	-	1	6
50 and over	4	1	1	-	-	2

*Including one white whose birthplace was unknown.

The native born women of foreign parents are the youngest group, the median age being 22 years. The median for the native born white of native parents was 25, of the foreign born 27 and of the Negroes 29.

Marital Condition

Of the 190 commitments, 73 or 38.4 per cent were single, 73 were married, 18 or 9.5 per cent were widowed and 26 or 13.7 per cent were separated or divorced.

Religious Affiliations

Religious affiliations were reported as follows: Protestant 108 or 56.9 per cent; Catholic 69 or 36.3 per cent; and Hebrew 3 or 1.5 per cent. No report was received concerning 10 women.

Sentence by Offense

All direct commitments to the State Reformatory for Women are on a maximum indeterminate sentence, the offenders to remain under the control of the institution until the expiration of their maximum sentences, but permitted to live in the community under the Central Parole Bureau of the State Department of Institutions and Agencies after they have earned the right to parole by their attitude and training during a period of institutionalization. Women sentenced directly to the State Prison however have been given definite sentences which are served at the reformatory.

During 1930, 172 women were committed with maximum indeterminate sentences and 18 with definite sentences.

Of those with indeterminate sentences, 154 or 89 per cent had maximums of three years. 106 of these were for sex offenses, 24 for neglect of children, 11 for larceny, 8 for violation of the drug act, and 5 for other offenses. Five had sentences under two years, 4 of which were for sex offenses, and one for neglect of children. There was a two year sentence for sex offense; a five year sentence each for homicide and for assault; 8 sentences between 6 and 10 years for a variety of offenses; one sentence for

homicide fell in the 11 to 19.99 year group and one in the 20 years and over.

The 18 definite sentences are scattered in length ranging from 3 under two years for sex and violation of drug laws, to one each for 20 years and over, life and death. Ten of the 18 were for homicide with penalties from five years to death.

The detailed tables will be found in Part III.

Loss of Population

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1930, there were 109 paroles granted from the Clinton Reformatory. Five women were paroled twice. Ten of the women had been paroled at some time previous to this year. Four women were released on expiration of sentences, 3 were recalled and their sentences annuled by the courts, 18 were transferred to institutions for the feeble-minded, 31 to hospitals for mental disease, 2 to other NewJersey penal or correctional institutions. Several escaped and were returned.

Prior to December 1929 when all the women then serving sentences in NewJersey State Prison were transferred to the New Jersey Reformatory at Clinton, five females were paroled from the prison and three were discharged on expiration of sentence.

Time Served in Institution

One hundred and six women supposedly completed their periods of institutionalization during the year. Of these 7 were released on expiration of definite sentences and 99 were paroled for the first time since commitment. 70.8 per cent of these had been in the institutions one year and less than two; 19.8 per cent less than one year; 7 remained two years and less

than three; 2 stayed four years and less than five and one more than five years.

Of the 21 staying less than one year, twelve were committed for sex offenses, two each for homicide and neglect of children, and one each for robbery, assault, forgery, larceny, and incorrigibility. Of the 75 staying one year and less than two, 38 were for sex, 13 for larceny, 11 for neglect of children, five for assault, three for robbery, two for homicide, one each for perjury, driving auto without owner's consent and incorrigibility. Of the seven staying between two and three years, four were for sex and one each for homicide, assault and larceny. The two staying four years and less than five and the one staying for more than five years were all committed for homicide.

The Infant Population of the Reformatory for Women

The law of New Jersey provides that a child under two years of age may accompany the mother to the state penal and correctional institutions and that any child born in such institutions may remain until it is two years of age, at which time it may be removed. A child under two not living with the mother at the time of her commitment may be later committed to her in the institution. This works for the better physical care of the young child and for the social rehabilitation of the mother. Each child, whether admitted with the mother or born in the institution, is considered on an individual case-work basis. This is particularly true when the mother is paroled or discharged and the child reaches two years of age.

If at all possible the child is kept with the mother on discharge or parole. If this is not feasible, an attempt is made to place

the child with relatives who are able and willing to assume its support. Sometimes it is necessary to commit the child to the State Board of Children's Guardians or to other child-caring institutions or agencies.

On July 1, 1929, there were 36 babies in the institution. 18 were born in the institution during the year and 21 entered with their mothers, making a total of 75 during the year. Twenty of these were committed to the State Board of Children's Guardians, five were taken by grandmothers, one went to the Child Adoption Bureau of New York City, 7 left the institution with paroled mothers and three with discharged mothers, and three died. There were 36 babies resident on June 30, 1930.

PART III - DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES

FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,1930

Table A - County From Which Adult Males Were Committed to State Prison

County From Which Committed	Number of Commitments to State Prison by Offense												
	Total Males	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex, except rape	Dangerous weapons	Non-support & Neglect of family	Violation of drug law	Other
Total - State	839	91	49	121	103	149	21	126	57	32	21	28	41
Atlantic	72	7	2	4	8	12	-	14	6	4	1	8	6
Bergen	35	2	1	-	6	8	1	13	1	1	2	-	-
Burlington	14	1	-	-	1	2	1	7	1	1	-	-	-
Camden	84	1	4	16	10	17	2	18	2	8	2	-	4
Cape May	13	-	1	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	1	-	-
Cumberland	30	1	1	1	4	3	2	9	1	1	1	-	6
Essex	188	21	10	48	24	35	-	17	12	7	-	10	4
Gloucester	10	1	1	-	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
Hudson	75	14	8	12	10	10	4	7	8	1	-	-	1
Hunterdon	9	1	2	-	2	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Mercer	19	6	-	1	1	5	3	-	1	-	-	-	2
Middlesex	35	7	2	5	6	5	-	4	1	-	3	-	2
Monmouth	28	8	2	-	2	5	-	4	3	1	-	-	3
Morris	17	1	2	3	-	3	-	4	1	1	-	-	1
Ocean	24	4	1	-	5	7	1	3	-	-	2	-	-
Passaic	70	4	5	14	5	10	2	6	11	1	2	9	1
Salem	22	2	2	3	2	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	6
Somerset	20	2	-	3	8	-	-	2	-	3	1	-	-
Sussex	19	-	1	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4	-	1
Union	45	8	4	6	6	7	1	4	4	2	2	1	-
Warren	10	-	-	2	-	4	-	2	1	1	-	-	-

Table B - County From Which Persons Were Committed to Rahway Reformatory

County From Which Committed	Number of Commitments to Rahway by Offense												
	Total	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex, except rape	Dangerous weapons	Non-support of family	Violation of drug laws	Other
Total - State	465	2	26	82	38	137	13	115	20	14	3	1	14*
Atlantic	17	2	3	4	-	3	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Bergen	31	-	2	6	5	8	-	4	2	2	1	-	1
Burlington	13	-	-	-	-	6	2	3	1	-	-	-	1
Camden	26	-	-	11	-	5	-	8	1	1	-	-	-
Cape May	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumberland	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Essex	76	-	2	10	6	19	1	22	1	6	-	-	9
Gloucester	4	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hudson	59	-	1	11	8	19	2	17	1	-	-	-	-
Hunterdon	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
Mercer	13	-	1	3	1	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Middlesex	35	-	1	12	-	11	2	5	1	-	1	-	2
Monmouth	24	-	1	5	2	8	1	7	-	-	-	-	-
Morris	12	-	-	1	1	6	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Ocean	6	-	1	-	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Passaic	80	-	9	13	6	18	2	16	10	4	1	1	-
Salem	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Somerset	5	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1
Sussex	8	-	-	-	-	1	1	6	-	-	-	-	-
Union	41	-	3	4	8	13	1	11	-	1	-	-	-
Warren	6	-	1	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

*Includes 8 driving auto without owner's consent, 3 melicious mischief, 2 arson and 1 unclassified.

Table C - County From Which Persons were Committed to Annandale Reformatory

County From Which Committed	Number of Commitments to Annandale by Offense												
	Total	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex, except rape	Dangerous weapons	Non-support of family	Violation of drug laws	Other
Total-State	221	-	8	20	6	63	6	89	7	4	1	1	16*
Atlantic	7	-	-	1	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	2
Bergen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Burlington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Camden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cape May	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	1
Cumberland	11	-	-	-	-	3	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
Essex	147	-	4	15	5	49	3	58	2	4	-	-	7
Gloucester	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hudson	5	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Hunterdon	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mercer	10	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	6
Middlesex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monmouth	4	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Morris	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ocean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Passaic	21	-	-	2	1	5	-	10	2	-	-	1	-
Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Somerset	7	-	3	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-
Sussex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Union	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warren	4	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-

*Includes 9 Driving Auto Without Owner's Consent; 2 Malicious Mischief; 1 Arson; 2 Misdemeanors and 2 Violation of Probation.

Table D - Age of Adult Males Committed to State Prison by Offense

Offense	Age of Adult Males Committed to State Prison										
	All Ages	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.	20 yrs.	21-24 yrs.	25-34 yrs.	35-44 yrs.	45 & over
All Offenses	839	3	3	3	11	28	34	160	349	168	80
Homicide	91	2	1	-	1	5	3	20	34	14	11
Rape	49	-	-	1	-	2	2	7	16	15	6
Robbery	121	-	1	1	4	5	14	38	49	8	1
Assault	103	-	1	-	-	2	2	12	42	33	11
Burglary	149	-	-	-	5	6	6	27	69	26	10
Forgery	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	10	3
Larceny	126	-	-	1	-	4	2	32	57	20	10
Sex, except rape	57	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	24	14	14
Dangerous weapons	32	1	-	-	-	3	1	8	11	7	1
Driving auto without owner's consent	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-
Viol. of prohibition act	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
Non-support	21	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	5	8	4
Kidnapping	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
Violation of drug act	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	12	9	4
Others	30	-	-	-	1	1	-	4	19	3	2

Table E - Age of Persons Committed to Rahway by Offense

Offense	Age of Persons Committed to Rahway								
	All ages	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.	20 yrs.	21-24 yrs.	25-34 yrs.
All offenses	465	6	34	55	69	67	48	131	55
Homicide	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Rape	26	2	1	3	2	3	1	12	2
Robbery	82	-	1	4	12	11	14	30	10
Assault	38	-	3	1	3	3	5	13	10
Burglary	137	2	15	23	24	19	11	29	14
Forgery	13	-	2	1	3	3	-	2	2
Larceny	115	1	11	17	19	18	12	30	7
Sex, except rape	20	-	-	3	2	2	2	7	4
Dangerous weapons	14	-	-	1	4	3	1	3	2
Driving auto without owner's consent	8	-	-	1	-	4	1	2	-
Viol. of drug laws	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Desertion-non-support	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Others	6	1	1	1	-	1	-	2	-

Table F - Age of Persons Committed to Annandale by Offense

Offense	Age of Persons Committed to Annandale								
	All ages	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.	20 yrs.	21-24 yrs.	25-34 yrs.
All offenses	221	1	43	57	40	33	17	24	6
Homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rape	8	-	-	1	2	1	1	3	-
Robbery	20	-	3	4	6	2	2	3	-
Assault	6	-	2	-	-	2	1	1	-
Burglary	63	-	16	23	12	7	2	2	1
Forgery	6	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	1
Larceny	89	1	16	19	19	15	7	11	1
Sex, except rape	7	-	2	1	-	1	-	2	1
Dangerous weapons	4	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-
Driving auto without owner's consent	9	-	2	3	1	1	1	-	1
Drugs	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Non-support	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Others	7	-	1	2	-	1	2	1	-

Table G - Race or Nativity of Males Committed to State Prison and Reformatories by Age Groups

Age Group	Total Number	Native White		Parentage Unknown	Foreign Born White	Negro	All Others
		Native Parents	Foreign Parents				
All ages	1525	384	544	26	167	401	3
Under 20 years	453	99	230	14	16	94	-
20-29	666	193	224	9	58	180	2
30-39	269	65	68	3	49	83	1
40-49	94	16	17	-	27	34	-
50 years & over	43	11	5	-	17	10	-

Table H - Race or Nativity of Commitments by Institutions

Institution	Total Commitments	Race or Nativity of Commitments					
		Native White			Foreign White	Negro	Others
		Native Parents	Foreign Parents	Parentage-Unknown			
Total	1525	384	544	26	167	401	3
State Prison	839	209	214	9	128	276	3
Rahway	465	114	243	2	30	76	-
Annandale	221	61	87	15	9	49	-

Table I - Length of Sentence by Offense of Persons Committed to State Prison

Length of Definite Sentence	Commitments to State Prison by Offense*													
	All Offenses	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex, except rape	Dangerous weapons	Non-support	Violation of drug laws	Kidnapping	Other
Total	838	90	49	121	103	149	21	126	57	32	21	28	4	37
Under 2 years	205	3	4	12	33	30	10	50	13	7	21	2	-	20
2 to 2.99	159	6	7	25	20	27	2	31	12	11	-	8	-	10
3 to 3.99	185	4	13	35	26	41	5	27	10	14	-	4	-	6
4 to 4.99	23	-	1	6	4	5	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-
5 to 5.99	84	5	8	18	6	23	2	7	8	-	-	6	-	1
6 to 9.99	60	9	5	12	6	14	1	8	2	-	-	3	-	-
10 to 10.99	37	15	4	6	3	3	-	-	4	-	-	2	-	-
11 to 19.99	30	4	6	7	3	3	-	1	4	-	-	2	-	-
20 yrs. & over	29	19	1	-	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-
Life	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Death	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not stated	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Exclusive of one with indeterminate sentence of 20 years and over for homicide.

Table J - Length of Sentence by Offense of Persons Committed to Rahway Reformatory

Length of Maximum Indeterminate Sentence	Commitments to Rahway By Offense													
	All Offenses	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex, except rape	Dangerous weapons	Driving auto without owner's consent	Desertion	Violation of drug laws	Other
Total	465	2	26	82	38	137	13	115	20	14	8	3	1	6
Under 2 years	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
2 - 2.99	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
3 - 3.99	71	-	3	1	18	7	3	22	12	-	-	-	1	4
4 - 4.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 5.99	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
6 - 9.99	267	-	-	4	12	130	10	93	3	14	-	-	-	1
10 - 10.99	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 - 19.99	107	-	21	77	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
20 & over	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-

Table K - Length of Sentence by Offense of Persons Committed to Annandale Reformatory

Length of Maximum Indeterminate Sentence	Commitments to Annandale by Offense												
	All Offenses	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex, except rape	Dangerous weapons	Driving auto without owner's consent	Drugs	Other
Total	221	-	8	20	6	63	6	89	7	4	9	1	8
Under 2 years	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
2 to 2.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 to 3.99	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	6	3	-	-	5
4 to 4.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 to 5.99	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
6 to 9.99	165	-	-	-	2	63	6	82	-	1	9	1	1
10 to 10.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 to 19.99	32	-	7	20	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
20 yrs. & over	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table L - Time Served by Offense of Persons Leaving State Prison During Year

Offense	Time Served						
	Total	Under 1 yr.	1-1.99 years	2-2.99 years	3-3.99 years	4-4.99 years	5 years & over
All offenses	506	113	146	102	48	14	83
Homicide	39	1	2	3	2	1	30
Rape	32	5	9	5	4	-	9
Robbery	20	4	5	11	13	-	17
Assault	82	22	26	13	6	4	11
Burglary	106	14	30	28	15	7	12
Forgery	12	2	7	3	-	-	-
Larceny	93	23	42	23	3	1	1
Sex, except rape	38	15	8	6	5	1	3
Dangerous weapons	14	4	8	2	-	-	-
Non-support and neglect	10	10	-	-	-	-	-
Violation of drug act	7	1	1	5	-	-	-
Other	23	12	8	3	-	-	-

Table M - Time Served by Offense of Persons Leaving Rahway During Year

Offense	Time Served					
	Total	Under 1 year	1-1.99 years	2-2.99 years	3-3.99 years	4-4.99 years
All offenses	368	132	191	41	3	1
Homicide	3	1	2	-	-	-
Rape	25	8	16	1	-	-
Robbery	45	8	27	10	-	-
Assault	27	13	11	3	-	-
Burglary	126	37	68	19	1	1
Forgery	9	5	3	-	1	-
Larceny	92	44	42	5	1	-
Sex, except rape	12	5	4	3	-	-
Dangerous weapons	11	6	5	-	-	-
Violation of drug act	4	-	4	-	-	-
Driving auto without owner's consent	6	3	3	-	-	-
Other	8	2	6	-	-	-

Table N - Time Served by Offense of Persons Leaving Annandale During Year

Offense	Time Served			
	Total	Under 1 yr.	1-1.99 years	2-2.99 years
All offenses	212	138	71	3
Homicide	-	-	-	-
Rape	17	12	5	-
Robbery	21	5	16	-
Assault	5	2	3	-
Burglary	57	37	19	1
Forgery	5	4	1	-
Larceny	78	58	20	-
Sex, except rape	4	4	-	-
Dangerous weapons	4	3	1	-
Non-support & neglect	1	1	-	-
Driving auto without owner's consent	8	5	3	-
Other	12	7	3	2

Table O - Relation of Sentence to Time Served in State Prison

Length of Sentence	Time Served												
	By Persons Discharged on Expiration of Sentence						By Persons Paroled During Year						
	Total	Under 1 yr.	1 to 1.99	2 to 2.99	3 to 3.99	5 yrs & over	Total	Under 1 yr.	1 to 1.99	2 to 2.99	3 to 3.99	4 to 4.99	5& over
Definite Sentence													
Total	322	101	126	85	10	-	44	11	18	7	4	-	4
Under 2 yrs.	129	99	30	-	-	-	7	6	1	-	-	-	-
2 - 2.99	95	-	93	2	-	-	6	3	3	-	-	-	-
3 - 3.99	79	-	2	76	1	-	10	-	8	2	-	-	-
4 - 4.99	13	1	-	3	9	-	5	1	3	1	-	-	-
5 - 5.99	6	1	1	4	-	-	5	1	1	2	1	-	-
6 - 9.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	2	2	2	-	-
11 - 19.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-
Life	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Maximum Indeterminate													
Total	3	-	-	1	1	1	137	1	2	9	33	14	78
3 - 3.99	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 5.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	1	1	-	-
6 - 9.99	2	-	-	-	1	1	26	1	1	5	15	3	1
10 - 10.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	1	7	4	4
11 - 19.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	1	7	5	35
20 yrs.& over	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	1	3	2	38

Table P - Relation of Sentence to Time Served in Rahway

Length of Sentence	Time Served									
	By Persons Discharged on Expiration of Sent.				By Persons Paroled During Year					
	Total	Under 1 yr.	1 to 1.99	2 to 2.99	Total	Under 1 yr.	1 to 1.99	2 to 2.99	3 to 3.99	4 to 4.99
Definite Sentence										
Total	63	33	30	-	15	2	13	-	-	-
Under 2 years	34	31	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 - 2.99	21	1	20	-	6	1	5	-	-	-
3 - 3.99	6	-	6	-	2	1	1	-	-	-
4 - 4.99	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 5.99	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	-	-	-
6 - 9.99	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-
Maximum Indeterminate										
Total	23	1	5	17	267	96	143	24	3	1
Under 2 years	3	1	2	-	2	1	-	1	-	-
2 - 2.99	5	-	3	2	9	3	6	-	-	-
3 - 3.99	14	-	-	14	45	25	17	3	-	-
4 - 4.99	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 5.99	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
6 - 9.99	-	-	-	-	170	59	93	14	3	1
10 - 10.99	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-
11 - 19.99	-	-	-	-	30	7	20	3	-	-
20 yrs. & over	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	2	-	-
Maximum not fixed	-	-	-	-	5	1	4	-	-	-

Table Q - Relation of Sentence to Time Served in Annandale

Length of Sentence	Time Served			
	By Persons Paroled During Year			
	Total	Under 1 year	1 to 1.99	2 to 2.99
Definite Sentence				
Total	3	2	1	-
Under 2 years	2	2	-	-
2 - 2.99	1	-	1	-
Maximum Indeterminate				
Total	209	136	70	3
Under 2 years	2	1	1	-
2 to 2.99	7	5	2	-
3 to 3.99	22	17	5	-
4 to 4.99	1	1	-	-
5 to 5.99	2	2	-	-
6 to 9.99	137	94	40	3
10 to 10.99	1	1	-	-
11 to 19.99	35	15	20	-
20 years & over	2	-	2	-

Table R - County From Which Adult Females* Were Committed

County From Which Committed	Female Commitments by Offense										
	All Offenses	Homicide	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex	Violation of drug laws	Neglect of children	Other
Total-State	190	12	3	4	2	1	13	116	10	25	4
Atlantic	7	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	4	-	-
Bergen	9	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	-	-	2
Burlington	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Camden	5	3	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Cape May	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Cumberland	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Essex	54	4	3	1	1	-	3	25	-	16	1
Gloucester	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Hudson	7	1	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	1	-
Hunterdon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mercer	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Middlesex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monmouth	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Morris	11	-	-	-	-	-	2	8	-	1	-
Ocean	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Passaic	63	-	-	-	-	1	1	49	6	6	-
Salem	4	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Somerset	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Sussex	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	-	-
Union	9	-	-	-	1	-	1	6	-	1	-
Warren	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-

*173 committed to Clinton Reformatory and 17 to the State Prison

Table S - Age of Adult Female Offenders* Committed by Offense

Offense	Age of Commitments									
	All Ages	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.	20 yrs.	21-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45 and over
All offenses	190	7	16	21	8	11	36	56	25	10
Homicide	12	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	4	-
Robbery	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-
Assault	4	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	-	-
Burglary	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Forgery	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Larceny	13	-	4	-	-	1	2	4	2	-
Sex	116	5	12	18	6	6	18	30	14	7
Neglect of children	25	1	-	1	2	2	5	11	2	1
Violation of drug act	10	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	2
Others	4	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-

*173 committed to Clinton Reformatory and 17 to the State Prison

Table T - Length of Sentence by Offense of Adult Females Committed

Length of Maximum Indeterminate Sentence*	Offenses of Adult Females Committed										
	All Offenses	Homicide	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Forgery	Larceny	Sex	Neglect of Children	Violation of drug act	Other
Total	172	4	2	3	2	1	12	111	25	8	4
Under 2years	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-
2 - 2.99	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
3 - 3.99	154	-	-	-	1	-	11	106	24	8	4
4 - 4.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 5.99	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 - 9.99	8	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
10 - 10.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 - 19.99	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 yrs. & over	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Life											
Length of Definite Sentence**											
Total	18	8	1	1	-	-	1	5	-	2	-
Under 2 years	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
2 to 2.99	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 to 3.99	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
5 to 5.99	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 to 9.99	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
10 to 10.99	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 to 19.99	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
20 yrs. & over	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Life	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Death	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*Reformatory Commitments
**State Prison Commitments except for 1 sex offender with sentence in the 11 to 19.99 year group.